

# $\eta_c(2S)$

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{-+})$$

Quantum numbers are quark model predictions.

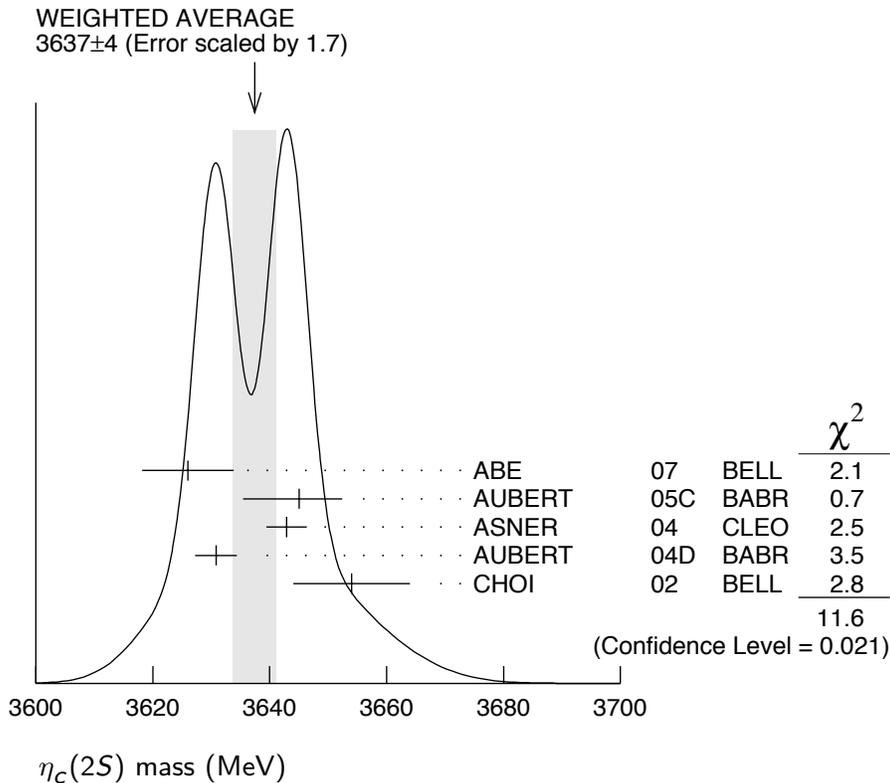
## $\eta_c(2S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3637 ±4</b>	<b>OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.		
3626 ±5 ±6	311	<sup>1</sup> ABE	07 BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(c\bar{c})$
3645.0 ± 5.5 <sup>+4.9</sup> <sub>-7.8</sub>	121 ± 27	AUBERT	05C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
3642.9 ± 3.1 ± 1.5	61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
3630.8 ± 3.4 ± 1.0	112 ± 24	AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
3654 ±6 ±8	39 ± 11	CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
3639 ±7	98 ± 52	<sup>2</sup> AUBERT	06E BABR	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_{c\bar{c}}$
3594 ±5		<sup>3</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of the  $J/\psi$  recoil mass spectrum. Supersedes ABE,K 02 and ABE 04G.

<sup>2</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.

<sup>3</sup> Assuming mass of  $\psi(2S) = 3686$  MeV.



## $\eta_c(2S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>14 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
6.3 ± 12.4 ± 4.0		61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
17.0 ± 8.3 ± 2.5		112 ± 24	AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
<p>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</p>					
<23	90	98 ± 52	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT	06E BABR	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_{c\bar{c}}$
22 ± 14		121 ± 27	AUBERT	05C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
<55	90	39 ± 11	<sup>5</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
<8.0	95		<sup>6</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
<p><sup>4</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.  <sup>5</sup> For a mass value of <math>3654 \pm 6</math> MeV  <sup>6</sup> For a mass value of <math>3594 \pm 5</math> MeV</p>					

## $\eta_c(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1$ hadrons	not seen	
$\Gamma_2$ $K\bar{K}\pi$	seen	
$\Gamma_3$ $2\pi^+2\pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_4$ $K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_5$ $2K^+2K^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_6$ $\rho\bar{\rho}$	not seen	
$\Gamma_7$ $\gamma\gamma$	$<5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%

## $\eta_c(2S)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)$					$\Gamma_7$
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
1.3 ± 0.6	<sup>7</sup> ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$		
<p><sup>7</sup> They measure <math>\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (0.18 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02) \Gamma(\eta_c(1S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)</math>. The value for <math>\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)</math> is derived assuming that the branching fractions for <math>\eta_c(2S)</math> and <math>\eta_c(1S)</math> decays to <math>K_S K\pi</math> are equal and using <math>\Gamma(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 7.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 2.3</math> keV.</p>					

## $\eta_c(2S)$ $\Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(2\pi^+2\pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_3\Gamma_7/\Gamma$
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<6.5	90	UEHARA	08 BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$	

$\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_4\Gamma_7/\Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<5.0	90	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$\Gamma(2K^+2K^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_5\Gamma_7/\Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.9	90	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(K^+K^-)$

$\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma^2(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(p\bar{p}) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$   $\Gamma_6\Gamma_7/\Gamma^2$

VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 5.6	90	<sup>8,9,10</sup> AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
< 8.0	90	<sup>8,9,11</sup> AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<12.0	90	<sup>9,11</sup> AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

<sup>8</sup> Including the measurements of of ARMSTRONG 95F in the AMBROGIANI 01 analysis.

<sup>9</sup> For a total width  $\Gamma=5$  MeV.

<sup>10</sup> For the resonance mass region 3589–3599 MeV/ $c^2$ .

<sup>11</sup> For the resonance mass region 3575–3660 MeV/ $c^2$ .

$\eta_c(2S)$  BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	ABREU 98o	DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- + \text{hadrons}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
seen	<sup>12</sup> EDWARDS 82c	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>12</sup> For a mass value of  $3594 \pm 5$  MeV

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	$39 \pm 11$	<sup>13</sup> CHOI 02	BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$

<sup>13</sup> For a mass value of  $3654 \pm 6$  MeV

$\Gamma(2\pi^+2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

$\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_4/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

$\Gamma(2K^+2K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>not seen</b>	AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

**$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{\gamma}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;0.0005</b>	90	<sup>14</sup> WICHT 08	BELL	$B^{\pm} \rightarrow K^{\pm} \gamma\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.01                      90                      LEE                      85                      CBAL                       $\psi' \rightarrow \text{photons}$

<sup>14</sup> WICHT 08 reports  $[B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)] \times [B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+)] < 0.18 \times 10^{-6}$ . We divide by our best value  $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) = 0.00034$ .

**$\eta_c(2S)$  REFERENCES**

UEHARA	08	EPJ C53 1	S. Uehara <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
WICHT	08	PL B662 323	J. Wicht <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABE	07	PRL 98 082001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT	06E	PRL 96 052002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	05C	PR D72 031101R	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABE	04G	PR D70 071102	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ASNER	04	PRL 92 142001	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	04D	PRL 92 142002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABE,K	02	PRL 89 142001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
CHOI	02	PRL 89 102001	S.-K. Choi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AMBROGIANI	01	PR D64 052003	M. Ambrogiani <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E835 Collab.)
ABREU	98O	PL B441 479	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ARMSTRONG	95F	PR D52 4839	T.A. Armstrong <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL, FERR, GENO+)
LEE	85	SLAC 282	R.A. Lee	(SLAC)
EDWARDS	82C	PRL 48 70	C. Edwards <i>et al.</i>	(CIT, HARV, PRIN+)

**OTHER RELATED PAPERS**

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